

Physics 123B: Homework 1  
due January 18, 5pm in the box at the PSR

1. **Free electron Fermi surface:** Consider a hypothetical two dimensional solid with a single type of atom on a hexagonal lattice, with lattice spacing  $a$ . Suppose there are two electrons per atom.

- (a) What is the radius of the free electron circular Fermi surface in reciprocal space?
- (b) Draw the free electron Fermi surfaces in the reduced zone scheme.
- (c) Draw the same Fermi surfaces in the extended or periodic zone scheme.
- (d) What is the area of the electron and hole pockets – i.e. the density of electrons and holes?

2. **Cuprate Fermi surface:** The important energy band of the cuprate high-temperature superconducting materials can be modeled by considering a tight binding band of a single orbital per site of a square lattice, with lattice spacing  $a$ . Assuming a hopping  $\gamma$  between nearest neighbor sites and a hopping  $\gamma'$  between second-neighbor sites, which are on opposite corners of the squares (i.e. separated by  $\sqrt{2}a$  distance).

- (a) Show/argue that the energy band is described by the function

$$\epsilon(k) = -2\gamma(\cos k_x a + \cos k_y a) - 2\gamma'(\cos(k_x + k_y)a + \cos(k_x - k_y)a). \quad (1)$$

- (b) Suppose the Fermi energy (with the above definition of the zero of energy) is zero and  $\gamma' = 0$ . What is the density of electrons, per site?
- (c) Take  $\gamma = 1$  and  $\gamma' = -0.1$ . Sketch the Fermi surfaces for the Fermi energy = 0,  $-0.2$ ,  $-0.4$ ,  $-0.6$ . Lowering the Fermi energy corresponds to “hole doping”.